## **Driffield Town Council Annual CCTV Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment**

Date of Review	21 November 2019	Responsible Body	Driffield Town Council CCTV
			Committee
Contact details of	Claire Binnington (Town Clerk)	Next Review due by	End November 2020
Authorised	Tel: 01377 254 160		
Representative	Email: townclerk@driffieldtowncouncil.org.uk		Y *

## **SECTION ONE: Surveillance Camera Code of Practice**

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
1] Use of a surveillance camera must always be for a lawful and specified purpose, which is in pursuit of a legitimate aim and necessary to meet an identified pressing need. (Article 6, GDPR,	The use of the system shall be for the purpose of:  a) Providing Driffield Town Council (DTC) and Humberside Police with evidence to take criminal and civil action in the Courts;	a] Data about the number of times and reasons that Humberside Police access the images (data) will be obtained using the updated CCTV access register.
2018)	b) Reducing the fear of crime and providing	This will be reported back to DCT at the CCTV Committee meetings on a monthly basis.
(Principle 1: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	c) Providing assistance in the detection and prevention of crime (including countering	It would also be useful to explore whether the Police could report back on outcomes where CCTV data has successfully assisted an investigation or been used as
What were the reasons for installing and using the CCTV Surveillance System?	terrorism); d) Assisting with the maintenance of public order;	evidence in criminal proceedings. This would provide further evidence of the necessity, legitimacy and positive benefits of the system.
	e) Deterring or reducing the incidence of vandalism, graffiti, and other environmental crime;	(Please also see CCTV Committee minutes on the Council Website).

f) Deterring persons from committing crimes and to enhance the opportunities for detecting those who do;	b] A repeat Public consultation has recently been undertaken (2020). It is vital that public opinion

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	g) Improving the safety and security of residents, visitors and the business community;	regarding public space CCTV surveillance systems and their significance to parishioners is sought and taken into account. Public consultation about the use of CCTV is an important part of GDPR compliance
	h) Discouraging anti-social behaviour including alcohol and drug-related elements;	and the Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment (DPPIA).
	i) To assist the Police in efficient allocation of limited resources.	The results of this recent consultation are:

		80.24% of people who completed the survey thought that the use of CCTV Surveillance was important.  (41.5% = very important 38.74% = important)  3.95% thought that CCTV surveillance was not important.  Only 2.77% thought CCTV unnecessary.  13.04 % expressed that they had no opinion.
		i] Please refer to Section 1a
1a] What are the benefits to be gained from the system, Who will benefit and can CCTV realistically deliver those benefits?	Residents, visitors and businesses will benefit from improved public safety, and reductions in crime and the fear of crime.	
(Principle 1: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	CCTV is a useful tool in preventing and deterring individuals from committing crime.	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
	CCTV is a useful tool in detecting crimes, and the	
	perpetrators of it. Using CCTV can significantly	
• X Y	reduce the time and cost on the Police service in	
	investigating allegations.	
	Driffield is a relatively small market town with a	
X Y	population of around 14,000. Therefore there are	
	only a small number of Police personnel serving	

le by enabling them to allocate limited sources more effectively. For example, if an eident or crime reported the Police are able to cess the system and assess the situation in order provide an appropriate response and/or request ditional support and resources as needed.  Here may also be instances where false reports d/or allegations are made. CCTV can be useful disproving some allegations because it ptures actual events and is not influenced by dividual interpretation, or differences in dividual perception.  For accurate and up to date crime statistics in and bound the areas covered by CCTV, including tailed crime maps, please go to ps://www.police.uk/humberside/22/crime/stats/	
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productainer	derives more effectively. For example, if an elent or crime reported the Police are able to see the system and assess the situation in order ovide an appropriate response and/or request tional support and resources as needed.  The may also be instances where false reports or allegations are made. CCTV can be useful sproving some allegations because it are actual events and is not influenced by yidual interpretation, or differences in yidual perception.  The curate and up to date crime statistics in and and the areas covered by CCTV, including alled crime maps, please go to the company of the content

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(Principle 1: Surveillance Camera Commission Code	The system was installed initially in 1994 by a	
of Practice)	local Crime Prevention Panel. This committee	
	comprised local business owners and residents	
	and was set up in response to rising concerns	
	about the level of crime in and around Driffield.	

	For example one business owner repeatedly had their premises vandalised and their shop windows deliberately broken. Since the installation of CCTV these incidents stopped.	
	Driffield Town Council inherited responsibility for the system in 2006 because of funding and financial considerations and to save on costs.	
	DTC set up a CCTV committee who coordinated public fundraising initiatives to finance the system's maintenance and upgrades.	
	Funding for the system and its maintenance is and has been obtained from a variety of sources including grants from the Horace Taylor Trust and Downbirst Trust, the Saya our Streets	
	and Dewhirst Trust, the Save our Streets campaign (Middle Street North residents and business owners) through various fundraising events and grants from Driffield Town Council.	
1 c] Has the justification for the use of CCTV as opposed to other methods been considered?	Yes, as per Section One, parts 1a and 2.  CCTV is considered to be the most effective	
(Principle 1: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	method of achieving the aims outlined in section 1 a.	

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	Other methods such as using security fencing would be inappropriate, impractical and intrusive as the town centre is an open public area accessible to all members of the community and these would be restrictive to people's civil liberties such as the right to freedom of movement.	
	Improved lighting has been installed in some areas of the town centre. However bright street lighting in town centres where people are also residents can be invasive and intrusive.	
	Therefore, where improved lighting has been installed to assist in meeting the aims outlined in	
	section 1a, its use was carefully considered to	
	balance these aims against the level of intrusion	
	for town centre residents.	
1d] Is there a legally sound basis for the use of	The cameras are used as a proportionate response	
CCTV and is that use proportionate?	to crime, disorder and in promoting wider	
	community safety. The introduction of the Crime	
(Principle 1: Surveillance Camera Commission Code	and Disorder Act 1998 placed a direct	
of Practice)	responsibility on local authorities to combat	
	crime and anti-social behaviour through section	
CAK	17.	
	Section 17 was intended to provide the impetus for authorities to consider how their services might fulfil these responsibilities.	
1e] Have any other measures been implemented to	Yes – improved Street Lighting (see also Section	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
help deal with the issues and aims that the CCTV system was installed to address?	1, parts1c & 2).	V(C)
2] The use of a surveillance camera system must take into account its effect on individuals and their privacy, with regular review to ensure its use remains justified.  What measures (if any) are in place to minimise any privacy risks.  (Principle 2: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	There is general consensus amongst Driffield Town Councillors and the CCTV committee that other solutions such as security fencing and improved lighting could meet the purposes outlined in Section One, 1, but would be impractical and more intrusive and restrictive to civil liberties than CCTV.  Therefore, for Driffield town centre areas CCTV is considered to be the most effective, appropriate and practical solution for meeting the purposes outlined.  This is particularly so given the usefulness of CCTV in deterring crime and in investigating and prosecuting criminal and public disorder offences.  Where it was considered appropriate to install improved street lighting, CCTV works in conjunction with it.  As a result of the DPPIA that was carried out for each individual CCTV camera a number of measures have been put in place to minimise privacy risks, including repositioning of some cameras and installing privacy masks on others.	A comprehensive Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment (DPPIA) of the whole CCTV system and each individual CCTV camera has been completed.  As a result of this some cameras have been repositioned and privacy masks have been applied to areas where there may be a potential for privacy intrusion to minimise any privacy risks.

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
3] There must be as much transparency in the use of a surveillance camera system as possible, including a published contact point for access to information and complaints  How is the use of CCTV communicated to those under surveillance?  (Principle 3: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	There is appropriate signage at all the main entrances to the town informing people that CCTV is in operation, who the system owners are and providing contact details for further information.  There are also a number of appropriate signs in place. Signage is placed at the perimeter of the town on all the Driffield Town signs, informing anyone who enters Driffield that the town is covered by CCTV. Signs are also placed at both entrances of North End Park and at regular intervals through the town centre where the majority of the CCTV cameras are placed. Signs are placed wherever their position does not pose a risk to public health and safety. The signage clearly states the purposes of the surveillance system, the name of the system operator and their contact details.	The CCTV Code of Conduct and DPPIA will be published on the Council Website.
	Information about the CCTV system is available on the Council Website.	
4] There must be clear responsibility for all surveillance camera system activities including images and information collected, held and used.	Details of responsibilities are documented in the CCTV Code of Practice.	The CCTV Code of Conduct and DPPIA will be published on the Council Website.
(Principle 4: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)		
5] Clear rules, policies and procedures must be in place before a surveillance camera	Driffield Town Council inherited ownership of and responsibility for the CCTV system as	A Service level agreement between DTC and Humberside Police specifying the roles and

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
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system is used, and these must be communicated to all who need to comply with them.

What are the policies and procedures for the use of the system and how are these communicated to system operators?

Eg, operational procedures

What documentation is completed when images are viewed or downloaded?

(Principle 5: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)

described in section 1b. Because it has inherited an existing system DTC has conducted a Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment (DPPIA) to ensure that the system complies with current legal requirements and ensure that any required changes to maintain compliance are identified and implemented.

The DPPIA will be reviewed annually.

The system is operated according to the CCTV Code of Practice.

The system user manual is available on the system access database for operators to refer to.

At the point that images are viewed the CCTV data is the responsibility of Driffield Town Council who is the data controller.

Once images are downloaded for investigation and evidential purposes, Humberside Police Force become the data controller for the downloaded images and the documentation about and security of that data is managed as per Police Force policies and procedures.

A CCTV access log is completed by system users whenever they access the CCTV images, either to view them in order to investigate an incident or report or to download them for evidential purposes. This has recently has been reviewed and updated.

responsibilities of all those in partnership with access to the system is currently being developed

The CCTV Code of Practice has been given to the system users (Humberside Police) and explained.

CCTV access log has recently been reviewed and updated

Requirement	Review of Compliance	<b>Action Required/ Recommendations</b>
	This is reported back to the system owners (data controller) on a monthly basis so that informed decisions about the use of the system and data and its effectiveness can be made and the security and use of the system can be monitored and audited.	
5a] What training do CCTV operators receive?	There are only two authorised Humberside Police Force employees who are authorised to have	
In GDPR?	access to the CCTV footage at Driffield Police Station. VSS have demonstrated how to access	
In Operating and accessing the system?	and use the system to authorised users and an operator's manual is available on the system.	
	All Humberside Police Force employees receive general training and updates in GDPR although	
	this related to all types of data that are subject to GDPR and not specifically or directly related to CCTV data.	
	The system is password protected so only authorised personnel can log on to the CCTV system and access CCTV data.	
6] No more images and information should be stored than that which is strictly required for the stated purpose of a surveillance camera system, and such	This is specified in the Driffield Town Council CCTV Code of Conduct	The CCTV Code of Conduct and DPPIA will be published on the Council Website.
images and information should be deleted once their purposes have been discharged.		

Requirement	<b>Review of Compliance</b>	Action Required/ Recommendations
What are the retention policies and how is footage deleted?		
(Principle 6: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)		
7] Access to retained images information should be restricted and there must be clearly defined procedures on who can gain access and for what purpose such access is granted; the disclosure of images and information should only take place when it is necessary for such a purpose or for law enforcement purposes.  (Principle 7: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	This is specified in the Driffield Town Council CCTV Code of Conduct.  The system is password protected so only authorised personnel can log on to the CCTV system and access CCTV data.	The CCTV Code of Conduct and DPPIA will be published on the Council Website.
8] Surveillance camera system operators should consider any approved operational, technical and competency standards relevant to a system and its purpose and work to meet and maintain those standards  (Principle 8: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	As per Section One, part 5. The system user manual is available on the system access database for operators to refer to.	
	Access to the CCTV monitor and CCTV data at Driffield Police station is strictly controlled.	

9] Surveillance camera system images and	
information should be subject to appropriate	
security measures to safeguard against	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
unauthorised access and use.  What security measures are in place?	The monitor is in a room inside the Police Station and only authorised personnel can enter the inside of the Police Station via a security door.	
(Principle 9: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	Only two Humberside Police Force employees are authorised to access and use the system at the Police Station.	
	The system is password protected so only authorised personnel can log on to the CCTV system and access CCTV data.	
	The router which receives the data from the CCTV cameras at the Police Station is in a separate locked cupboard so it cannot be tampered with.	
	At the Council Office the recorder and monitor are in a secure cupboard. The offices are securely locked at night, alarmed and monitored by CCTV.	The security of the system at the Council Office is being reviewed by the CCTV committee to ensure that present security arrangements are sufficient and effective.

10] There should be effective review and audit mechanisms to ensure legal requirements, policies	This DPPIA was conducted in November 2019 and will be reviewed, updated and audited yearly.	DPPIA will be published on the Council website.
and standards are complied with in practice, and regular reports should be published.	The Humberside Police CCTV Access log is	Updated CCTV Access register has been implemented.
	communicated back to the CCTV committee on a	imperience.
What audit procedures are in place?	monthly basis.	A Service Level Agreement between DTC and
		Humberside Police is currently being formulated.
(Principle 10: Surveillance Camera Commission	The Service Level Agreement between Driffield	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
Code of Practice)	Town Council and Humberside Police Force should be reviewed and renewed annually.  The CCTV Code of Practice should be Reviewed and updated annually.	
11] When the use of a surveillance camera system is in pursuit of a legitimate aim, and there is a pressing need for its use, it should then be used in the most effective way to support public safety and law enforcement with the aim of processing images and information of evidential value.  (Principle 11: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	The system has been installed in the public interest to meet an identified need to deter, prevent and detect crime.  There is a planned regular maintenance contract in place to ensure the quality and integrity of the system and its images to ensure they are of evidential value.	

How do you know? What consultation processes have been undertaken/ are in place?  (Principle 2: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	The CCTV system was financed by a public fundraising initiative undertaken by Driffield residents who were concerned about crime and safety within the town and wanted the system installing to help address these issues.  A civic survey was conducted in both 2011 and 2013 and administered to all households in the Driffield Town Council area. Amongst other issues of civic concern, the survey asked for	DTC has recently repeated a comprehensive civic survey which included residents' opinions and views about CCTV.  See Section One: 1.
Requirement	resident's views about CCTV surveillance.  The general feeling is that people who are not involved in crime are happy to be in an area that is monitored by CCTV cameras. There are some members of society both law abiding and those  Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations

who are not, who have issues with being in areas covered by CCTV cameras. By abiding with current legislation, we aim to show that the CCTV system is only used for crime reduction/detection purposes and those activities that assist the public and are in the public interest.

The civic survey is being conducted again in 2020 and will contain questions about the CCTV system to ascertain the views of local residents and ensure that residents are still satisfied and comfortable about public space CCTV surveillance.

The Council's complaints procedure is published on the website. Any complaints or comments regarding the CCTV system are considered by and addressed by the CCTV committee.

## **SECTION TWO: Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment (DPPIA)**

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
1] Where are the real-time images from the cameras displayed?	Images are not displayed and/or monitored on a 24 hour, 365 day per year basis.	
	Monitors are located at DTC Council Offices and Driffield Police Station. Unless there is a specific need to access the system the monitors are switched off and images are only accessed by	
	authorised personnel in response to specific incidents, requirements and concerns.	
	Any real-time images that are displayed in the secure control room environment are presented on a computer monitor. There is one monitor	
	located at the operator work station at the police station enabling them to monitor incidents or download data for investigation and evidential purposes. There is one monitor at Driffield Town Council Offices.	
	Access to the system and monitors is restricted to authorised personnel and password protected.	
2] Who has operational access and ability to control the CCTV cameras?	Only authorised employees of Humberside Police have access to the CCTV control room and have full operational access including moving of PTZ cameras.	A Service Level agreement between DTC and Humberside Police is in development.
	Authorised DTC employees have access at the Council Offices.  Authorised VSS employees have supervised	
	access to the system when undertaking regular	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
	checks as part of routine maintenance.	
	The system is password protected so only authorised personnel can log on to the CCTV system and access CCTV data.	
3] How is information collected?	The system relays on street digital video pictures, which are transmitted from cameras positioned in various locations throughout Driffield. The transmissions are received at Driffield Police Station and the DTC Office. Some cameras are fixed on a particular scene; others are equipped with pan, tilt and zoom facilities allowing free movement through 360 degrees.  Some cameras are equipped with ANPR	
	(automatic number plate recognition), please refer to section 2, part 6.	
4] Where is the information collected from?	Public places, car parks and buildings, the town centre and as a consequence the exterior of premises, shops and businesses, Cross Hill car park and North End Park	
5] From whom/what is the information collected?	General public in monitored areas  Target individuals or activities (suspicious persons/incidents)	
	*Vehicles/ Registration marks (ANPR).	
6] How is information used?	To search for vulnerable or missing persons To search for wanted persons	

Recorded data may be disclosed to authorised				
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Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
Kequirement	agencies to support post incident investigation by, including law enforcement agencies for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting crime.  Recorded data may be disclosed to authorised agencies to provide intelligence.  Humberside Police Force have only a small group of core employees at Driffield Police	Action Required/ Recommendations
	Station. Live access to CCTV images in response to specific incidents assists in the reallocation of addition Police personnel/resources when this is needed.	
*(Principle 12: Surveillance Camera Commission Code of Practice)	*ANPR can be used to compare against vehicle reference databases to assist in Police investigations (for example, missing person investigations or if the driver of a particular vehicle is suspected of being involved in or witness to a crime). However, in Driffield this technology is not in continuous use and is only employed in response to a specific incident or concern.  NB: ANPR technology is in continuous use in some areas of the country and users can	
	automatically check all vehicle registration marks against national databases. This is NOT the case with Driffield ANPR cameras.	
7] How are the images recorded?	Electronically on local recorders.	
8] Where are the images recorded?	Driffield Police Station – no audio	

	Driffield Town Council Office – no audio	
9] Where are recorded images stored?	Driffield Police Station and Driffield Town Council Office	
Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
10] What measures are in place to control access to the recorded images?	Data is encrypted.  Recorders and monitors are located in secure locations.  Access to images is restricted to authorised personnel and password protected.	
11] Who has access to the recorded images?	As per the DTC CCTV Code of Conduct and DTC and Humberside Police Service Level Agreement. Authorised VSS employees have supervised access to the system when undertaking regular checks as part of routine maintenance.	
12] How is access gained to the recorded images?	Data can only be accessed by authorised persons at Driffield Town Council Office and Driffield Police Station and viewed on the monitors in these locations. Information can be uploaded to electronic storage devices at these locations.	
13] How long are the images retained?	31 days unless required and downloaded for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting crime or in response to a legitimate subject access request.	
14] How are the images deleted?	Automatic system over write.	
15] When the data is downloaded or copied for release to a third party how is information recorded?	Images can be copied to a CD, DVD or Digital recording media.	
16] What processes are in place to ensure that data protection responsibilities are understood by persons receiving the data?	Staff Training as per Section One, 5 a.	

17] Are images of identifiable individuals required	The system must be capable of identifying	
or could the scheme use other technology not	individuals, as footage from the system will be	
capable of identifying individuals?	used in both criminal and civil court cases. If the	
	system did not have this capability it would not	
	be fit for purpose.	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
18] Will the particular equipment/system of work in use deliver the desired benefits now and remain suitable in the future?	Yes. Driffield Town Council's working methods are unlikely to change. The currently service whereby cameras are only viewed after a report has been made to the Police, will remain as is for the foreseeable future and will be delivered by Driffield Town Council and Humberside Police.	
	Driffield Town Council will continue to explore and seek out new technologies and how these might help us to improve on service delivery, enhance security and increase privacy	

19] What future demands may arise for wider use of images and how will you address these?	Legislation can and does change. We will comply with all future regulations placed upon us.	
	CCTV images are not released to 3rd parties unless the CCTV Code of Conduct and proper Police procedure (as determined by the Home Office) is followed and a legitimate basis for its release is clearly established.	
	3rd party requests may be received from various sources including (but not restricted to) emergency services, solicitors, insurance companies and law enforcement agencies such as HMRC, DWP and the National Crime Agency.	
	Requests for data are made in writing to the Council using the Subject Access Requests Forms which are available on the Council Website.  All requests for data are considered on an individual, case by case basis, taking into	

Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
	account individual rights, data protection legislation, privacy and the wider public interest.	
20] Can a data subject request access to footage?	Yes. The Data Subject Access Request procedure and forms are available on the Council website and/or individuals can contact Driffield Town Council directly.  The procedure is also documented in the CCTV Code of Conduct.	

Humberside Police are the main users of the CCTV system, however, other Police Forces and law enforcement agencies such as The National Crime Agency along with Humberside Fire And Rescue Service would be granted access to the system if a legitimate request is received and correct procedures are followed.	
See also Section 2, part 19.	
Driffield Town Council is the Data Controller at the point of images being recorded, however if any images are released to any authorised party/organisation, then the legal data protection responsibility for the released data is transferred to the receiving organisation.	
As outlined in Section 2, parts 19 & 20, as DTC are the data controller, Data Subject Access Requests should made in writing to the Council using the Subject Access Requests Forms which are available on the Council Website and legitimate requests are authorised by them.	
	CCTV system, however, other Police Forces and law enforcement agencies such as The National Crime Agency along with Humberside Fire And Rescue Service would be granted access to the system if a legitimate request is received and correct procedures are followed.  See also Section 2, part 19.  Driffield Town Council is the Data Controller at the point of images being recorded, however if any images are released to any authorised party/ organisation, then the legal data protection responsibility for the released data is transferred to the receiving organisation.  As outlined in Section 2, parts19 & 20, as DTC are the data controller, Data Subject Access Requests should made in writing to the Council using the Subject Access Requests Forms which are available on the Council Website and

## **SECTION THREE: Operational Requirements**

Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
On the whole yes.	Some adjustments were required and implemented as per the recommendations of this DPPIA.
	On the whole yes.

2] Have any complaints been received about an individual camera or the whole/part of the system? If yes, what was the outcome?	One complaint was received in June 2019.  This led to a comprehensive review of Driffield Town Council CCTV surveillance system, it's CCTV policies and procedures, an updated CCTV Code of Conduct, a Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment (DPPIA) of the whole system and each camera in use and a Service Level Agreement between the Council (system owners and data controllers) and Humberside Police Force (data processors and system users) is currently being developed.	A Service Level Agreement between the Council (system owners and data controllers) and Humberside Police Force (data processors and system users) is currently being developed.
3] Has the location of each camera been reviewed to ensure they remain suitable?	Yes, a comprehensive Data Protection Privacy Impact Assessment (DPPIA) of the whole CCTV system and each individual CCTV camera was undertaken in November 2019.	DPPIA to be reviewed annually.
4] Are there any new residential/business developments within existing areas or other public spaces that could benefit from additional Cameras/ or moving existing cameras?	Yes, when finances allow, a camera is to be installed in the Memorial Garden adjacent to North End Park in response to incidences of vandalism and antisocial behaviour.  A DPPIA will be conducted to ensure this camera complies with legislation before the scheme is completed.  No other new camera installations are planned, although upgrades to existing cameras in the	Some cameras have been repositioned or removed as per individual camera DPPIA.  Cameras that have been removed due to issues with poor image quality will be replaced with higher quality cameras as funding allows.
Requirement	Review of Compliance	Action Required/ Recommendations
	scheme will be made as finances permit.	

5] Is there a comprehensive maintenance and cleaning regime in place?	Yes, there is a maintenance agreement between Driffield Town Council and VSS who installed and oversaw the development of the system. VSS complete cleaning and maintenance of existing cameras on a monthly basis.	
6] Is there appropriate and sufficient signage in place to warning that CCTV is in use?	Yes (see Section One: 3)	
7] Is there a Code of Practice governing the use of CCTV Surveillance?	Yes	
8] Is the Code of Practice up to date?	Yes. This was reviewed and ratified by Driffield Town Council CCTV Committee on 5 November 2019	To be reviewed annually
9] Is the Code of Practice accessible to both staff and the public?	It has been agreed with and made available to staff and system operators (Humberside Police).	To be published on Council Website.
10] Is the equipment of sufficient quality to enable images to be used as evidence in court?	Mostly.	See Section Three, part 4.
11] Are there regular function checks to ensure that all equipment is operating and recording correctly and that all images are stamped with the correct date/time?	The Police operators check the data & time stamp of any downloaded images to ensure this is correct before they are taken into Police possession as per Police procedure.  Any data downloaded as evidence for use in criminal proceedings must be of a sufficient quality to satisfy Home Office standards.	